MCN for Neonatology West of Scotland Neonatal Guideline



Admission Criteria - Neonatal Unit & Transitional Care

Criteria for Admission to the Neonatal Unit	
Prematurity	Gestation <34 weeks
	Birthweight <1600g
	Hypothermia – requiring incubator care
Around delivery Respiratory	Peripartum compromise:
	Chest compressions required during resuscitation
	Persistent signs of respiratory distress
	Recurrent or prolonged cyanotic episodes
	Recurrent & prolonged apnoeic episodes
Cardiac	Persistent cyanosis
Infection	Suspected sepsis with clinical signs and/or raised inflammatory markers. <i>Does not include babies with risk factors on NEWS</i> monitoring
	Sudden collapse on the postnatal wards
Metabolic	Hypoglycaemia - If feed intervals of less than 2 hourly or IV dextrose required
GI/Surgical	Jaundice: • if quickly rising despite appropriate phototherapy • likely to need exchange transfusion/ immunoglobulin • antenatal concern of haemolysis, high antibody titres • Anticipated to require double PT > 24 hours
	Persistent / bilious vomiting, abdominal distension, Rectal bleeding
Congenital abnormalities	Babies identified antenatally as having a congenital condition requiring neonatal admission e.g. cardiac anomalies, open spina bifida, congenital diaphragmatic hernia etc.
	Congenital abnormalities if physiologically unstable
Other	Babies requiring IV infusions NAS requiring treatment > day 10 if not rapidly weaning if so consider TC particularly to assess parenting further.
	Babies, whose mothers are no longer inpatients in the maternity ward, who cannot be discharged for any other indication. Includes babies for adoption

Criteria For Admission to a Transitional Care Unit (or equivalent)

Admission can be

- Direct from Labour Ward following Medical /ANNP assessment
- Step-down from the neonatal unit
- From home following assessment*

NB. Some variation will occur between units dependent on available facilities.

Location of care will involve discussion and agreement with the families involved.

Gestation 34+0 - 35+6 weeks at birth if otherwise well

Birthweight >1600g at birth if otherwise well

Feeding support

Requirement for full or partial NG feeding (e.g congenital anomaly or prematurity in line with criteria above) or an inability to suck full feeds if otherwise medically well and maintaining temperature in a hot cot.

Hypoglycaemia controlled with feeding at least 2 hourly intervals by suck and/or via NG tube.

Weight loss requiring more intensive feeding support (including NG feeding)

Jaundice

Requiring double phototherapy(if level rising rapidly requires NNU admission)

Parenting assessment/social

Babies identified antenatally as requiring **additional support** to appropriately assess parenting skills admit from LW if no other acute concerns

Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome

Babies requiring on-going treatment > day 10 (up to day 10 on PNW) if already weaning treatment and anticipated to stop within 5 days.

Step Down from NNU care

Corrected gestational age > 33+0 weeks and otherwise clinically well Tolerating at least 3 hourly NG feeds

Rooming in pre- discharge (many units provide this directly within NNU rather than TC)

*Criteria based on BAPM Framework for Transitional Care October 2017¹

Criteria for babies with additional care requirements who are able to remain on the Postnatal Wards

NB. Some variation will occur between units dependent on available facilities.

Includes transfer back of babies to PNW after a brief period of observation in a NNU

Gestation 36+0 - 37+0 weeks if:

- No signs of respiratory distress (if after a period of NNU observation, mild tachypnoea persists but baby is otherwise well, transfer remains appropriate)
- Feeding adequate volumes
- Maintaining temperature using hot cot if required
- Maintaining normoglycaemia

Birthweight >1800g if:

- Feeding adequate volumes
- Maintaining temperature
- Maintaining normoglycaemia

Congenital abnormalities in otherwise well baby e.g:

- Cleft lip/palate if feeding well
- · Trisomy 21 if feeding well

Resolving colour changes

Weight loss requiring feeding support in otherwise well baby

Jaundice:

otherwise well babies receiving single phototherapy

Additional monitoring

Baby undergoing observations on **'NEWS'** chart Well babies requiring **antibiotics** Baby undergoing **hypoglycaemia protocol**

Hypothermia requiring care in a heated cot

Requiring monitoring & treatment for **neonatal abstinence syndrome up to day 10 (local arrangements may apply)**

Triage of Babies requiring readmission from home

Readmission to the Postnatal wards

Requires Medical/ANNP review at time of readmission

Jaundice in an otherwise well baby

Weight loss in an otherwise well baby requiring feeding support

Readmission to the Neonatal Unit

Jaundice:

- Needing more than postnatal ward level care
- Likely to need exchange transfusion
- Unable to adequately feed

Excessive weight loss/ poor feeding requiring NG feeding (re-admission to transitional care unit after medical assessment if well appropriate)

Readmission to Transitional Care (or equivalent)

Excessive weight loss/ poor feeding requiring NG feeding in an otherwise well baby (re-admission to transitional care unit only after medical/ANP assessment)

Should be diverted to paediatric services

>10 days old (unless condition suitable for readmission to the postnatal wards or transitional care)

Signs of respiratory distress

Vomiting with loose stools

Cyanotic episodes

Suspected sepsis

Requires immediate 999 Call

Sudden unexplained collapse at home

For babies within GG&C, please refer to separate detailed guidance on referrals and admissions from home: <u>Unscheduled Acute Referrals to the Neonatal Team in Greater Glasgow and Clyde (GGC) | Right Decisions</u>

References

1. BAPM Framework For Neonatal Transitional Care accessed 18062018

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Document Title

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Implementation / Review Dates

Implementation Date 01/10/18 Latest Review – 1/12/25

Next Review - 01/12/28